Venetoclax VENCLYXTO®





WHAT IS VENCLYXTO® VENETOCLAX?

- Cancer drug used in the treatment of chronic lymphocytic leukemia and acute myeloblastic leukemia
- Prescribed and renewed by your hospital doctor specialized in hematology
- Available in city pharmacies on presentation of your prescription



- Film-coated tablets, existing in 3 dosages:
- 10 mg: round, biconvex, light yellow color, bearing « V » on one side and « 10 » on the other
- 50 mg: oval, biconvex, beige color, bearing « V » on one side and « 50 » on the other
- 100 mg: oval, biconvex, light yellow color, bearing « V » on one side and « 100 » on the other



- Store at a temperature not over 25°, out of sight and reach of children
- Do not get the tablets out of the box to put them in a pill-box
 - Wash your hands carefully before and after each handling of the tablets.
 - Do not throw away the opened boxes, please bring them back to your pharmacist.

HOW TO TAKE THIS MEDICINE?

When?

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ONE take a day in the morning at fixed hour during a meal (with a large glass of water)

How?



Swallow the tablets whole, with water, every day at the same moment of the day. Do not chew, nor crush, cut or dissolve the tablets

You can help yourself with the **tracking book** and a **calendar** to spot the takes.

Never stop or change the rhythm of takes of your treatment without your doctor's advice.

** This file is not a prescription, please refer to your latest prescription

WHAT TO DO IN CASE OF MISSING OR VOMITING?



- In case of missing in less than 8 hours, take the missed dose as soon as possible. The next dose will be taken at the usual time. Please note it in your tracking book*.
- In case of missing in more than 8 hours: do not take the missed dose. The next dose will be taken at the usual time, without double it. Please note it in your tracking book*.
- In case of vomiting, do not take a new dose. The next dose will be taken at the usual time. Please note it in your tracking book*.

INTERACTIONS WITH OTHER MEDICINES AND/OR FOOD



Check with your **doctor and your pharmacist** that the medicines (with or without prescription) and/or other substances (food, plants, among which **grapefruit**, **St John's Wort**, **bitter oranges and carambola**, probiotics, essential oils, food supplements...) and by-products that you are using are **compatible with your treatment**. The molecules they contain, their measuring and consuming frequency may interact with your treatment and condition its efficiency and the occurrence of side effects,



- You and your partner must use efficient contraceptive methods (condoms or other) during the whole treatment and up to 30 days after the last take.
- Stop breast feeding during the treatment

Fertility in men may be affected during treatment with venetoclax. Your doctor can inform you about the possibility of sperm preservation before initiating treatment.

*Tracking book available on the sites <u>www.omeditbretagne.fr</u> or <u>www.omedit-paysdelaloire.fr</u>







What side effects may occur with Venclyxto® venetoclax?

Like all medicines, venetoclax may infer side effects, but you may not experience any.

Side effects

Prevention



Digestive effects: constipation, diarrheas, nauseas, vomiting, loss of appetite

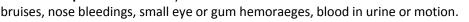
Watch over your weight and remember to hydrate well (1,5/2l. water/day). In case of constipation, favor food that is high in fibers (bran, cereals, wholemeal bread, green vegetables, fruit and dried fruit) and take regular physical exercise. In case of diarrhea, favor food that is low in fibers (starchy food, carrots, bananas...). Avoid food that may speed up your intestinal transit (dairy, raw fruit and vegetables, cereals, fat food, spices). In case of nauseas/vomiting, make several small light meals during the day and eat slowly. Avoid greasy, fried and spicy food, as well as those whose smell may trigger nauseas. Avoid staying on an empty stomach as this increases nauseas. Rather drink between meals. Use the antiemetic medications prescribed for you if appropriate.



Decrease in red blood cells, white blood cells and platelets

Decrease in red blood cells: contact your doctor in case of paleness, short breath during effort or even at rest, persisitig fatigue, heart throbs, dizziness and head aches. **Decrease in white blood cells**: contact your doctor in case of a temperature > 38°C, shivers,

sweats, cough, short or painful breathing, diarrhea with fever, or any sign of infection. Decrease in platlets: contact your doctor in case of an outbreak of small red dots on the skin,





Signs of infection: fever, shivers, cough, sore throat, urinary burns

Limit your contacts with people having a contagious infection. Wash your hands regularly. Disinfect any injury carefully. Contact your doctor in case of a temperature >38°C, cough, breathlessness/ painful breathing, pain when urinating or smelly urines, change in the nature or frequency of motions (diarrhea, constipation) or in case of redness, pain or oozing around the central catheter, the parenteral feeding tube or the urinary catheter.



Tumoral Lysis Syndrome (SLT)

It manifests as fever/chills, nausea/vomiting, confusion, shortness of breath, dark urine/blurred vision, unusual fatigue, muscle or joint pain, abdominal pain. To reduce this risk, drink enough water (1.5 to 2L/day), starting 2 days before the first dose of chemotherapy. Treatment may be prescribed and should be started 2 to 3 days before the start of treatment.



Fatigue

Favor healthy food and do not forget to hydrate well. Respect moments of rest during the day, while remaining active, even moderately. Be prudent in case of driving.



Only some of the most frequent side effects mentionned above. For further information, please refer to your medicine leaflet or ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice.

You can also ask your question ask your question to center for side effects monitoring or notify any side effect on the following site: signalement-sante-gouv-fr



In all cases, remember to make the biological tests prescribed by your doctor.

WHAT TO DO IN CASE OF SIDE EFFECT(S)?

- Take the medication prescribed for side effects in accordance with the doses.
- Respect measures of prevention.

Promptly contact your doctor in case of:

- Signs of infection (fever, cough, chills, difficulty breathing, pain on miction...)
- Mental confusion
- Convulsions
- Irregular heartbeat
- Dark or troubled urine
- Unusual fatigue
- Pains in muscles and joints
- Any persisting or worsening side effect



Useful contacts:

Remarks: